| ID | Priority | Action | Stakeholder | Comment |
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| 1 | Homelessness & Rough Sleeping | No. of households with children in temporary accommodation | Jon Collen | This is a metric we currently collect and return to MHCLG in our HCLIC return. It is a good way of assessing Homelessness and Rough Sleeping. |
| 2 | Homelessness & Rough Sleeping | Number of families in B&B over 6 weeks | Jon Collen | This is a metric we currently collect and return to MHCLG in our HCLIC return. It is a good way of assessing Homelessness and Rough Sleeping. |
| 3 | Homelessness & Rough Sleeping | Percentage of duties owed where homelessness was prevented | Jon Collen | This is a metric we currently collect and return to MHCLG in our HCLIC return. This is not currently reported as a %, but this could be calculated, and is a good way of assessing homelessness interventions. |
| 4 | Homelessness & Rough Sleeping | Number of people sleeping rough on a single night | Jon Collen | We currently record this in our monthly Rough Sleeper Return to MHCLG.It is a good way of assessing Homelessness and Rough Sleeping. |
| 5 | Homelessness & Rough Sleeping | Number of people sleeping rough over a month who are long term | Jon Collen | We currently record this in our monthly Rough Sleeper Return to MHCLG. It is a good way of assessing Homelessness and Rough Sleeping. |
| 6 | Housing | Proportion of rental housing in LA area deemed decent | Claudia Deeth | This is a good metric to assess housing quality, however it will have to be clear what 'Decent' means and if this refers to private sector or housing association housing. |
| 7 | Housing | Net additional dwellings | Pam Scott | This is a good way of assesort via Planning. |
| 8 | Housing | House price to workplace-based earnings ratio | Pam Scott | Not recorded internally. |
| 9 | Housing | Proportion of homes rated EPC C and above | Pam Scott | Not recorded internally. Good metric for energy efficiency. Gives rationale for extrapolation. |
| 10 | Housing | Social Housing Demand | Jon Collen | This is currently recorded in our annual Housing Statistical return to MHCLG. It is a good way of assessing housing demmand. |
| 11 | Housing | Enforcement action taken by local authorities against 11m+ buildings under the Housing Act 2004 | Claudia Deeth | It is unclear if we store this internally, due to the misleading name, however this would also be a good way of assessing housing. |
| 12 | Housing | Completed remediation for unique buildings | | |
| 14 | Housing | Total new homes delivered as a % of existing total area stock | Pam Scott | Extension of net additional dwellings. Potentially not very useful. |
| 15 | Housing | Percentage of planning applications decided on time (dwellings) | Shaun Robson | District Council has no control on when development is built after planning permission is granted. Not currently tracked but data could be pulled from current data being tracked. |
| 16 | Housing | Private rented sector enforcement [Placeholder] | Claudia Deeth | This a good way of assessing our work to improve housing, however this is not something we are currently able to report. We are waiting on the release of new legislation and guidance from the government. Recruitment for a new FTE is also in progress. |
| 17 | Multiple Disadvantage | Proportion of people in substance abuse treatment also experiencing at least one other overlapping disadvantage, achieving significant progress in treatment [Placeholder] | Claudia Deeth | While this is a good way of reporting MD, we do not store or collect this data internally. We would need to request it from CGL (the treatment provider). |
| 18 | Multiple Disadvantage | Households with accommodation secured at end of prevention/relief duty for households also experiencing at least two areas of overlapping disadvantage [Placeholder] | Jon Collen | How do we define two areas of MD? We track the number of households with accommodation secured, but need more definition/guidance around areas of MD before this could be taken further. |
| 19 | Multiple Disadvantage | Proportion of prison leavers with a substance misuse need engaged in treatment within three weeks of release | Claudia Deeth | This would also be a good way of recording the number of people at risk of MD, however we do not collect or store this data internally. We would need to contact HMPPS or CLG for the data if updated regularly. |
| 20 | Multiple Disadvantage | Number of households unable to be supported at domestic abuse safe accommodations due to being unable to meet additional needs | Jon Collen | Duty falls on us as LA if someone is unable to stay in property - HCLIC data. Offered if duty is triggered so is a good way of assessing this. However, residents can refuse the offer of safe accommodation if they would like, which is recorded and would be worth specifying in the metric. |
| 21 | Best Start in Life | Percentage of children with a good level of development upto 5 years old | | This is a County Council function. |
| 22 | Best Start in Life | Take-up rate of 2yo disadvantaged childcare offer | | This is a County Council function. |
| 23 | Best Start in Life | Take-up rate of 3-4yo 15hrs childcare offer | | This is a County Council function. |

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| 24 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Percentage of pupils meeting expected standards of reading / writing / mths at KS2 for LA maintained schools | Claudia Deeth | This is a County Council function. |
| 25 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Key stage 4 attainment 8 data for LA maintained schools | Claudia Deeth | This is a County Council function. |
| 26 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Percentage of young people (16-17) not in education, employment or training - SEN post-16 destinations | | This is a County Council function. |
| 27 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Absence rate for SEN pupils | | This is a County Council function. |
| 28 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Absence rate - persistent and severe absence | | This is a County Council function. |
| 29 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | First time entrants to youth justice system | Claudia Deeth | This is a County Council function. |
| 30 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Percentage of youth offenders reoffending | Claudia Deeth | This is a County Council function. |
| 31 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Percentage of SEND children supported in mainstream schools | | This is a County Council function. |
| 32 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Ofsted report outcome for LA maintained schools | Claudia Deeth | This is a County Council function. |
| 33 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Participation in sport and physical activity (age 5-16) | Jo Peadon | While this is a county council function, so reporting would not be a fair reflection on the district council, it is worth noting that it would be better to track hours of sport and physical activity participated in, rather than a yes/no minimum requirement. |
| 34 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Participation in youth services | | This is a County Council function. |
| 47 | Health & Wellbeing | Healthy life expectancy at birth | | This is a County Council function, however it is a good way of assessing the health service - particularly our maternity services. |
| 48 | Health & Wellbeing | Slope Index of Inequality in life expectancy at birth | | This is a County Council function. |
| 49 | Health & Wellbeing | Smoking: Percentage of successful quitters | | While this is also a County Council function, it is another good way of assessing the impact of our local NHS and inhouse initiatives. |
| 50 | Health & Wellbeing | Child health: Percentage achieving good level of development at 2-2.5 year review | | This is a County Council function. |
| 51 | Health & Wellbeing | Drugs and alcohol: Rate of alcohol specifc mortality | | While this is also a County Council function, it is another good way of assessing the impact of our local NHS and inhouse initiatives. |
| 52 | Health & Wellbeing | Obesity: Year 6 obesity prevalence | Jo Peadon | Data is already avaliable so easy to collect, and factual and indisputable with the majority of the year 6 population taking part. However one of the causes of obesity in childeren is school meals which the DC have no infulence in, so could be a poor reflection. |
| 53 | Health & Wellbeing | Physical inactivity: Percentage of adults who are physically inactive | Jo Peadon | Data already avaliable, but only 500 people are surveyed. For it to be a reliable source of data, number of adults surveyed needs to be increased. |
| 54 | Health & Wellbeing | Sexual health: Under 18 conception rate | | This is a County Council Function |
| 55 | Health & Wellbeing | Oral health: Percentage of 5-year-olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay | | This is a County Council Function |
| 56 | Health & Wellbeing | Smoking: Percentage of local population who smoke provided with support to quit | | This is a County Council Function |
| 57 | Health & Wellbeing | Drugs and alcohol: Proportion of the opiate and/or crack prevalent population (15-64) and the proportion of alcohol dependent population (18 and over) that are not in treatment | | This is a County Council Function |
| 58 | Health & Wellbeing | Sexual health: HIV testing rate per 100,000 | | This is a County Council Function |
| 59 | Health & Wellbeing | CVD prevention: Proportion of NHS health checks completed across the eligible population | | This is a County Council Function |
| 75 | Neighbourhoods | Percentage agree adults in their communities can be trusted | Claudia Deeth | This is not something we currently collect, but it could be collected. This metric would be very subjective and dependent on various factors, such as time asked, individual circumstances and living place/conditions. |

| # | Category | Metric | Owner | Notes |
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| 76 | Neighbourhoods | Anti-social behaviour **[placeholder]** | Claudia Deeth | This would be an interesting metric to record and would be beneficial for showing opinions on our neighbourhoods. Currently, we record all sanctions against ASB that we give out, however registered providers and the police can also give sanctions for ASB - so a consolidation effort would be necessary. |
| 77 | Neighbourhoods | People are satsfied with community / cultural facilities **[placeholder]** | Pam Scott | This would be interesting to collect as it could be a good method of recording resident satisfaction. This could potentially be measured by number of cultural events with a questionnaire at the end? |
| 78 | Neighbourhoods | People are satsfied with their local area as a place to live | Pam Scott | This would be interesting to collect as it could be a good method of recording resident satisfaction. However, it is not something we currently collect internally. |
| 79 | Neighbourhoods | Fly tipping enforcement actions per incident | | This is currently recorded and reported quarterly in our Performance Reporting. While it's a good way of assessing the cleanliness of the district, incidents tend to be in rural areas, not in our urban neighbourhoods. |
| 80 | Neighbourhoods | Access to green spaces **[placeholder]** | Helen Lack | This is not something that is currently tracked internally, however it is a good metric to track as access to green spaces has been directly linked to physical and mental health outcomes, and to reduced isolation in areas of deprivation. |
| 81 | Neighbourhoods | Physical visits of people into library premises per population **[placeholder]** | | This is a County Council function. |
| 82 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Deaths attributable to particulate air pollution (particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometres in diameter [PM2.5]) | Helen Lack | This is a County Council function. |
| 83 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Percentage of total household waste sent for recycling/ compost/ reuse | Heidi Field | This is something that we already track and report on. While it is a good way of assessing recycling, it is often limited and skewed by the way percentages are measured. Questions must also be asked how the footwaste model will fit into this. |
| 84 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Percentage of total household waste that is collected separately as food waste | Heidi Field | Given the weight of food waste, this is a great way of assessing true recycling percentages, and will be available for reporting as of April 2026. However, there is still the risk that this could be confounded due to the way percentages are calculated. |
| 85 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Flood protection **[placeholder]** | Neil Sloper | |
| 86 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Biodiversity **[placeholder]** | Helen Lack | HDC has declared a climate and ecological emergency, corporate plan and climate strategy have actions within to support the imporvement of biodiversity. HDC tracks biodiversity through a variety of ways to meet with the goals. |
| 87 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Connectivity score for public transport to key services | Shaun Robson | Yes - Transport under CCC. A team is in place for SIL and S106 contributions which then goes to CCC. Would be difficult to measure. The identification of this score could show to developers how they can reclaim this money. |
| 88 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Passenger journeys on buses | | This would be a great way of assessing the impact of local schemes (such as the Tiger Buses) that HDC have helped influence. However, this is not something that we collect internally at HDC |
| 90 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Percentage of adults who walk or cycle for travel purposes at least once per week | Pam Scott | This would be a great way of assessing active travel if we can find a way to record it, as it is not something we currently record internally. |
| 91 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Killed or seriously injured per billion vehicle miles | | This is a County Council function. |
| 92 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Percentage of local authority motorways and A roads that should be considered for maintenance ( | | This is a County Council function. |
| 93 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Percentage of B and C roads that should be considered for maintenance | | This is a County Council function. |
| 94 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Proportion of the local unclassifed roads that should be considered for maintenance (% red) | | This is a County Council function. |
| 95 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Public EV charging devices per 100,000 population | Pam Scott | This is a great way of assessing the availability of EV infrastructure for residents use and could help inform future decisions on EV within the district. |

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| 96 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Vehicle kilometres on local bus services | | This would be a great way of assessing the impact of local schemes (such as the Tiger Buses) that HDC have helped influence. However, this is not something that we collect internally at HDC |
| 97 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Gross value added per hour worked | Rebecca Tomlin | This is not currently tracked internally by HDC but could be a good way of showing the health of the local economy overall. |
| 98 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Gross median weekly pay | Rebecca Tomlin | This is not currently tracked internally by HDC but could be a good way of showing the health of the local economy overall. |
| 99 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Employment for 16-19 year olds | Rebecca Tomlin | This is not currently tracked internally by HDC but could be a good way of showing the health of the local economy overall. |
| 100 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Employment rate 16-64 year olds | Rebecca Tomlin | This is not currently tracked internally by HDC but could be a good way of showing the health of the local economy overall. |
| 101 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) average score | Steffen Gosling | IMD Score was last updated in 2019 and is not due for update until Nov 2025. We can use the existing rank for 2019 and compare to the new update when it comes in to play |
| 102 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Births of new enterprises | Rebecca Tomlin | HDC does recieve the statistics of new businesses in local area. Only shows businesses taht are moving into a premises and paying business tax. This is a great way of tracking the health of local businesses, and is something we record the stats for internally. However, it often only shows businesses that are moving into a premises and paying business taxes - not small home businesses. |
| 103 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Deaths of enterprises | Rebecca Tomlin | Hard to and not currently tracked. Could be good to track but could not be acquired by HDC. Would be good for a comparison against other market towns. |
| 104 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Number of high growth enterprises | Rebecca Tomlin | Information could be provided if metric is required. Would be a good metric to track the health of priority industries in the district. |
| 105 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Business density | Rebecca Tomlin | Business rates would have this metric but not gathered by HDC. Not as usefull as other metrics (i.e. ID 105) |
| 106 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Business survival rate | Rebecca Tomlin | Information could be provided if metric is required. Would be a good metric to track the priority |
| 107 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Reducing poverty **[placeholder]** | Rebecca Tomlin | NEET into employment is way to reduce poverty. Therefore reducing number of NEET's would reduce poverty |
| 108 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Employment support **[placeholder]** | Rebecca Tomlin | Supporting and tracking work experience placements as the middle-person. |
| 109 | Child Poverty | Children in low-income families | | |
| C1 | Housing | The metric 'Proportion of rental housing in local authority area deemed decent' uses modelled data given the lack of suitable alternatives. To what extent do you think the use of modelled data is suitable? | Performance & Insights Team | |
| C2 | Housing | The metric 'Percentage of planning applications decided on time (dwellings)' combines both major and non-major planning decisions, which operate on different legal timeframes. To what extent do you think this combined metric is suitable? | Shaun Robson | Assuming data can be extrapolated from data system, metric would be suitable. Could lead to certain data being counted more than once, so a system to prevent double counting would need to be put in place. |
| C3 | Multiple Disadvantage | The approach to capture multiple disadvantage (MD) outcomes has been to look at data covering elements of MD and proxy the MD cohort by looking at the existing overlaps with other support needs captured in the data. To what extent do you agree with this approach? Please expand. | Performance & Insights Team | |
| | | Are there any suitable data sources that could be used to capture outcomes around: | ~ | ~ |
| | | . The role of local authorities in improving population mental health | Performance & Insights Team | |

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| C4 | Multiple Disadvantage | . Local efforts to support people leaving prison and/or serving sentences in the community to secure settled accommodation? | Jon Collen | Cambridgeshire and Peterborough prison leavers pathway is in place, with duty to refer from prison and probation where threat of homelessness exists at end of sentence - We can track the number of people that come to us via this pathway. |
| C5 | Multiple Disadvantage | How can we best capture the holistic efforts to coordinate services across delivery partners to improve the lives of those experiencing MD? | Claudia Deeth | As a council, our residents advide team (RAIT) and the citizens advice bureau (CAB) work closely together to target and mitigate instances of MD. As such, specific performance measures are currently in place to track RAIT involvement in these cases - however we would need to collaborate with the CAB to create holisitic targets. A marker or tracker would be necessary to prevent double counting, leading to GRDP considerations. |
| C6 | Multiple Disadvantage | Would more flexibility be required in the definition of MD to accurately capture the MD population in your area? Are there suitable data sources that capture this? | Performance & Insights Team | |
| C7 | Multiple Disadvantage | There are data gaps that make measuring this cohort difficult. Putting those data gaps to one side, what would an ideal priority outcome area for MD measure? | Performance & Insights Team | |
| C8 | Multiple Disadvantage | Is there work ongoing in your area to improve data collection/linking around identifying individuals experiencing MD? | Claudia Deeth | Yes, residents that are currently in reciept of universal credit, council tax support and household support fund vouchers are currently being documented. However, there are specific data sets available that identify individuals of a higher need, such as the one that is used by South Cambs, that we could explore using. |
| C9 | Best Start in Life | The duty on local authorities to secure sufficient childcare is currently proposed to be measured through take-up rates for early years entitlements. Are there any available metrics that can be used to measure local government's duty to secure childcare sufficiency more broadly (including early years, school-aged childcare and childcare for children with SEND)? | | This is a County Council function. |
| C10 | Best Start in Life | We intend to include an outcome measure in the LGOF for the Family hubs and Start for Life programme. Family Hubs and their services support a wide range of parental and child health and development outcomes. What do you think is most important and practical for the LGOF to include? | | This is a County Council function. |
| C11 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Are there any available metrics that can measure participation by young people in youth services in an local authority area, or reflect the quality of youth services delivered by LAs? | Performance & Insights Team | Attendance numbers can be taken in youth services to assess the participation. The quality of youth services can be tracked by looking at the mental health statistics of young people, as well as longer term goals such as the number of people in emplyment by 21. |
| C12 | Every Child Achieving & Thriving | Are there any available metrics to capture local authorities' contribution to delivering the aims of the youth justice service? | Performance & Insights Team | Seeing if the aims of the YJS is being met in a LA, you could look at rates of reoffending for young offenders, or the amount of time it takes for young offenders to find employment, and compare the present day numbers to previous years |
| C13 | Health & Wellbeing | The Slope Index of Inequality (SII) in life expectancy has been proposed as a metric to track changes in health inequality within LAs. To what extent do you think this is a suitable indicator to measure changes in health inequality at local authority level? | Performance & Insights Team | The change in inequlaity within a smaller area such as a LA is likely to slow change, especially for a metric like life expectancy which is a long-term metric that needs a larger time to track. |
| C14 | Health & Wellbeing | Is there an alternative metric available to measure health inequality at local authority level, which is better aligned to local authority delivery? | Performance & Insights Team | A metric that can track the use and quality of health services in different areas of an LA could be used such as number of patients being offered additional services after an initial appointment. |

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| C15 | Health & Wellbeing | Are there any available metrics that could be used to capture outcomes around the role of local authorities in improving population mental health? | Performance & Insights Team | A basic metric that can be tracked is the number of people/adults that are suffering from mental health issues, but this only looks at the extreme negatives. Looking how the mental health of a population is changing amongst those without mental health issues is more difficult, but use of physical health services which correlates to mental health could be tracked, or the use of green spaces/other services along with public surverys. |
| C16 | Neighbourhoods | Are there any available metrics to capture local authority responsibility for reducing Anti-Social Behaviour? | Claudia Deeth | Yes there is. We currently record the number of interventions and sanctions delivered and where they took place. A specific metric could be created and recorded off of the back of this. |
| C17 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Are there any available metrics to measure local government's contribution to flood resilience? | Neil Sloper | |
| C18 | Environment, Circular Economy & Climate Change | Are there any available metrics to measure local government's contribution to biodiversity? | Helen Lack | The biodiversity net gain metric, as set out in the environment act, could be beneficial for this. |
| C19 | Transport & Local Infrastructure | Do you have views on how the transport responsibilities at different tiers of government could be clearly reflected in the presentation of the metrics? | | This is a County Council function. |
| C20 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Are there any available metrics to capture local authorities' responsibilities for reducing poverty and delivering employment support? | Rebecca Tomlin | |
| C21 | Economic Prosperity & Regeneration | Are there specific local authority activities you think should be highlighted in the contextual narrative when presenting this priority outcome? | Rebecca Tomlin | |
| C22 | Child Poverty | Reducing and mitigating the impacts of poverty and deprivation, particularly in children, is a key priority for many local authorities. We have captured relevant metrics in housing, homelessness and rough sleeping and the wider children's focused outcomes. Are there any other available metrics that could help provide additional context on the role of local authorities in tackling child poverty? | Performance & Insights Team | |